CEDRIG CLIMATE, ENVIRONMENT AND DISASTER RISK REDUCTION INTEGRATION GUIDANCE



Construction of a water treatment plant and sewer system for the Guaqui town, Department of La Paz / Municipality of Guaqui

Roberto Méndez, Daniel Maselli June 2018

CEDRIG is a tool developed and offered by



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• Overview

General Information

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Overall goal	Improve the current living conditions of Guaqui's inhabitants through the implementation of an appropriate sewage system, benefiting the overall population (perspective for the next 20 years)
Country	Bolivia
Budget	Bs. 7.000.000 (approximately USD 1'000'000)
Duration	September 2016 - July 2017 (approximately 10 months)

Summary

Description Due to the absence of a wastewater treatment plant treatment plant in the Guaqui town, wastewater is discharged directly to Titicaca Lake, causing serious water pollution. Through the construction of a sewage treatment plant, the water pollution will be reduced along with an improvement of the living conditions of the local population. However, as a result of frequent lake level fluctuations, the sewage treatment plant might suffer negative impacts from flooding. In addition, frosts during the cold winter months can affect the plant's main components such as (i) sewage collection network and sewer manhole, (ii) emissary, (iii) pumping sump, (iv) pumping line, (v) treatment plant, (vi) infiltration ditches.

Keywords	Wastewater treatment system	sewage collection network
	emissary	pump stations
	lake contamination	Bolivia
	Floods	frosts

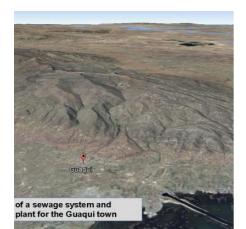
Sectors of Intervention

Health Water and sanitation Tourism

Documents

Project information (pdf, 4.97 MB)

Images



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Town of Guaqui Municipality of Guaqui Department of La Paz Autonomous Municipal Government of Guaqui EMAGUA (Executing Agency for Environment and Water) USD 17000'000 USD 901'344 USD 47'050 USD 48'500 Sept 2016 – July 2017 Water and Sanitation 3'822 inhabitants 224 ha **Objective:** Improve the curre Guaqui's inhabitants through th appropriate sewage system ar plant, benefiting the overall pol the next 20 years).



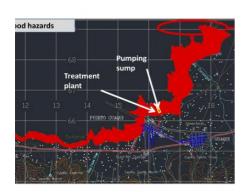
ts: Sewage collectic Emissary Pumping sump Pumping line Treatment plant Infiltration ditch

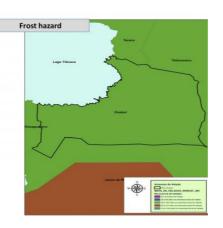












Consequences	Vu
Does not have a Risk	• High qual
Management Unit	 Strong su
 Damage to pumping sump equipment 	 Technical capacity
 Flooding of the sand trap 	Commun
Collapse of oxidation lagoons	organizat represent
 Efficiency reduction of stabilization lagoons due to periods with low temperatures 	• Major url

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ease in the

ation, risks, soil types and flood zones









ation of the project, near Lake Titicaca

omponents, plant (oxidation lagoons) and pumping sump

Machines of a summing summ

• Risk perspective

Hazards arising from environmental degradation

Hazard name	Water pollution	surface and subterran	iean)
Exposure	Not sure		
Comments	Domestic sewage is un	treated and are discharged int	to the fields/grounds and lake
Consequence	Laminar erosion of contaminated soils and effluent infiltration could result in contamination of surface and groundwaters to the detriment of uncovered populations		
	Likelihood Unlikely	Extent Harmful	Risk Level Low risk
Hazard name	Degradation (lan	d, soil, ecosystems, bio	odiversity)
Hazard name Exposure	Degradation (lan Yes	d, soil, ecosystems, bio	odiversity)
	Yes	ious erosional processes caus	
Exposure	Yes Altiplano zone with var (40%), relief with slope	ious erosional processes caus	ed by wind (60%) and water
Exposure Comments	Yes Altiplano zone with var (40%), relief with slope	ious erosional processes caus s between 2 and 10%.	ed by wind (60%) and water

Natural hazards (hydro-meteorological and geological)

Hazard name	Flash floods, floods		
Exposure Comments			
			. Approximately every 15
Consequence	Damage of the wastewater treatment plant components such as pumping sump. Overflow of stabilization lagoons would contaminate crops near the plant		
	Likelihood Very likely	Extent Extremely harmful	Risk Level High risk

6/7 CEDRIG Light Construction of a water treatment plant and sewer system for the Guaqui town, Department of La Paz / Municipality of Guaqui Damage to crops and animal fodder in surrounding areas due to flooding Consequence Likelihood Extent **Risk Level** Harmful Medium risk Likely Extreme cold Hazard name Not sure Exposure Comments At the project site, between 90 to 180 days per year with frosts are observed, 3'835 m above sea level, average temperatures around 4°C, minimum temperatures until -10°C. It happens on average every 2 years. Consequence Problems in the operation of the plant and reduced efficiency of the oxidation lagoons Likelihood Extent Risk Level Likely Harmful Medium risk Hazards arising from climate change (and climate variability)

Hazard name	Changes in frequency and intensity of climatic extreme events and associated disasters (e.g. cold and heat waves, flood, drought, storms, hurricanes, cyclones)		
Exposure	Not sure		
Comments	There are variations of extreme temperatures, mainly frost with a tendency to increase in the future		
Consequence	It could affect the operation oxidation lagoons	n and efficiency of the wastev	vater treatment plant in
	Likelihood Unlikely	Extent Harmful	Risk Level Low risk

Detailed risk assessment needed?

Yes - A detailed risk assessment is needed

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• Impact perspective

Estimate impact on the environment

Environmental Area	Water
Component of the activity	Wastewater treatment plant
Impact on environment	Bad odors from the plant could disturb the surrounding population

Estimate impact on disaster risks

Component of the activity	Wastewater treatment plant
Exacerbated or newly created risk	Could be an incentive for the construction of new settlements in areas at risk from flooding

Estimate impact on climate change

Component of the	Wastewater treatment plant
activity	
Impacts on climate	Greenhouse gas emissions from oxidation lagoons
change	

Detailed impact assessment needed?

Yes - A detailed impact assessment is needed